Resource Management Maturity Model

RMI	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4	Level 5
Skills Inventory	Role names are not standardized No Skills Inventory	Some framework for role definition, but not controlled Skills are tracked in a decentralized manner No process around skills input or updates	Skills Inventory managed centrally across organization Limited confidence in skills data and accuracy Roles formally defined	Skills Inventory managed centrally with documented governance process Ongoing process for resources to update skills Skills and roles are normalized across organizational boundaries Role names and definitions consistently align with the rates and costs of resources Third party/contractor resources incorporated into the skills data base	Skills and roles are well known and understood by the organization with strong compliance Skills inventory is utilized strategically to track employee aspirations and assist with employee engagement Ongoing quality management process Skills data is synchronized across HR and delivery systems
Staffing	Staffing activity occurs after a deal is sold Lack of clarity in understanding resource and role requirements of new projects	Staffing is decentralized and performed by line managers for their resources Requests for resources come from many sources and in many forms	Staffing discussions occur prior to a deal being closed/won by sales Staffing function is centralized, but still have requests coming in from many sources Standardized way in which resources are requested and assigned	Resource request process is well-defined and followed across the business including prioritization and resolution process for staffing conflicts. Most new work streams have a defined resource plan and soft-booked resources prior to being closed/won by sales.	All new work streams have a defined resource plan and soft-booked resources prior to being closed/won by sales Centralized RMO utilizes scenario planning for resource assignments Staffing effectively balances employee satisfaction with meeting the demands of the business Staffing allocations and scenario planning are heavily automated
Forecasting	No visibility to upcoming demand for resources No understanding of current supply by roles and teams	Information about new opportunities is ad-hoc, purely financial, and lacks appropriate resource info Limited understanding of current supply by role and team	Ability to see open and assigned roles as well as where there's available capacity Demand data exists, but a lack of confidence and accountability in sources of demand data Some forecasting for the next 30-60 days	Ability to forecast (with confidence) resource demand for the next 3-6+ months by roles needed Interlock meetings occur with the teams who create and manage demand to monitor upcoming demand Ability to overlay supply and demand to identify gaps or surpluses of resources	Strong interlock process with demand sources that drives strategic, data-driven decisions Ability to align available supply against forecasted demand at role and aggregate level Consistently utilize data to report on trends and adapt based on the data High confidence in forecast data 3-6 months out with continuous improvement processes in place
Sourcing and Development	No connection between RM processes and sourcing supply and development	Informal support for identification of hiring needs Ad-hoc involvement for identification and mobilizing contractors for projects	Hiring process initiated when new employee requisition identified RM not driving identification of resource hiring Staffing with partners is transactional and decentralized	Well-defined and centralized contractor/third party management with focus on mix and cost targets RM leveraged to pinpoint hiring needs RM identifies critical staff talent development opportunities Management identifies employee career wants and needs for incorporation into staffing decisions Recruiting is a continuous process	Warm-pool recruiting strategy in place and executed against Long-term talent development strategy for every employee to drive employee engagement Interlock established with contractors/third parties Incorporate bottoms-up forecast to inform long term planning Ability to understand cost of labor to drive sourcing decisions
Technology	No enterprise business applications in place Utilize non-standardized tools (i.e. spreadsheets)	Overlap in system functionality with several systems in place Some reliance on non-standardized tools (i.e. spreadsheets)	Enterprise application in place to support RM (PSA/PPM) Manual effort to integrate with other systems Application in place with limited and inconsistent adoption and usage by teams	Enterprise application in place with basic integration to ERP or CRM Above average adoption and usage of RM application and reduced dependency on spreadsheets	Application in place and fully automated integration with CRM, HCM, ERP, BI Utilization of dashboards, reporting and analytics to drive business with minimal dependency on spreadsheets
Governance	No documented RM processes No monitoring or controls in place No tracking of RM KPIs	Ad-hoc RM processes exist Monitoring happens in an ad-hoc manner and for limited RM functions	RM processes documented and training provided Consistent monitoring of RM process compliance Some KPIs in place for RM functions	Defined KPI's for RM performance and related process performance Timely and accurate reporting and analytics of performance Organizational accountability clearly defined Developing continuous improvement processes	Well defined accountability, monitoring and tracking of key RM processes Real-time reporting and analytics on performance Strong measurement of all aspects of RM performance Continuous improvement processes in place
Organization	RM is done organically by delivery team members No dedicated RMs performing Resource Management	Existence of RMs working directly for individual teams Resources are viewed as belonging to individual teams	Some capability for sharing resources across teams RMO in place with a clear charter to define and execute processes across organization	RMO is global, centralized model RMO is organizationally positioned to be objective (free from influence of organizational silos) Resources viewed as belonging to organization (vs. a particular department) RMO starting to take responsibility for some key organizational metrics	RMO is strategic global function with seat at the table RMO invested in and supported like other operational functions RMO is integral to achieving organizational goals (customer/employee/financial)



RM Maturity Model (Organizations Serving External Clients)

